



सत्यमेव जयते

आयुक्त का कार्यालय
Office of the Commissioner
केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील अहमदाबाद आयुक्तालय
Central GST, Appeals Ahmedabad Commissionerate
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आज़ादी का
अमृत महोत्सव

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DIN:- 20240264SW0000009E6C

(क)	फ़ाइल संख्या / File No.	GAPPL/COM/STP/3861/2023 / 1958-62
(ख)	अपील आदेश संख्या और दिनांक / Order-In -Appeal and date	AHM-EXCUS-002-APP-237/23-24 and 14.02.2024
(ग)	पारित किया गया / Passed By	श्री ज्ञानचंद जैन, आयुक्त (अपील) Shri Gyan Chand Jain, Commissioner (Appeals)
(घ)	जारी करने की दिनांक / Date of Issue	21.02.2024
(ङ)	Arising out of Order-In-Original No. GST-06/D-VI/O&A/620/DR.HASMUKH/AM/2022-23 dated 24.2.2023 passed by The Assistant Commissioner, CGST Division-VI, Ahmedabad North	
(च)	अपीलकर्ता का नाम और पता / Name and Address of the Appellant	Dr. Hasmukhbhai Kacharabhai Sojitra Bunglow No. 7, Elegance Bunglows Thaltejing Ahmedabad - 382350

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील-आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथास्थिति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील अथवा पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है, जैसा कि ऐसे आदेश के विरुद्ध हो सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-in-Appeal may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way.

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन:-

Revision application to Government of India:

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अतत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप-धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अधीन सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली: 110001 को की जानी चाहिए :-

A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid :-

(क) यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानिकार खाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रक्रिया के दौरान हुई हो।

In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.

(ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलों में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है।



In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.

(ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।

In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

(घ) अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो ड्यूटी क्रेडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं 2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.

(2) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए-8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनांक से तीन मास के भीतरमूल-आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो-दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ का मुख्य शीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35-इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर-6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(3) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रुपये या उससे कम होतो रुपये 200/- फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्नरकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/- की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

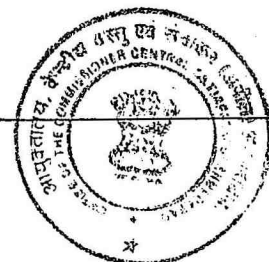
सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवा कर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील:-
Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

(1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1944 की धारा 35-बी/35-इ के अंतर्गत:-
Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-

(2) उक्तलिखित परिच्छेद में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलो के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में 2nd माला, बहुमाली भवन, असरवा, गिरधरनागर, अहमदाबाद-380004।

To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2nd floor, Bahumali Bhawan, Asarwa, Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad: 380004. In case of appeals other than as mentioned above para.

The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registrar of a branch of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated.



(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल आदेश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढ़ी कार्य से बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता है।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

(4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संशोधित की अनुसूची -1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूलआदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रतिपर रु 6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention is invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

(6) सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) एके प्रति अपील के मामले में कर्तव्यमांग (Demand) एवं दंड (Penalty) का 10% पूर्व जमा करना अनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व जमा 10 करोड़ रुपए है। (Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क और सेवाकर के अंतर्गत, शामिल होगा कर्तव्य की मांग (Duty Demanded)।

- (1) खंड (Section) 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि;
- (2) लिया गलत सेनवैट क्रेडिट की राशि;
- (3) सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देय राशि।

यह पूर्व जमा 'लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना में 'अपील' दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गया है।

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994).

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

(6) (i) इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो मांग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."



अपीलिय आदेश / ORDER-IN-APPEAL

The present appeal has been filed by M/s Dr. Hasmukh Kacharabhai Sojitra, Bungalow No. 7, Elegance Bungalows, Thaltej, Ahmedabad – 382350 (hereinafter referred to as '*the appellant*') against Order in Original No. GST-06/D-VI/O&A/620/Dr.Hasmukh/2022-23 dated 24.02.2023 [hereinafter referred to as '*impugned order*'] passed by the Assistant Commissioner, CGST & CEx, Division-VI, Ahmedabad North Commissionerate [hereinafter referred to as '*adjudicating authority*'].

2. Briefly stated, the facts of the case are that the appellant were not registered under Service Tax and were holding PAN No.AALPP3758P. As per information received from the Income Tax Department, it was observed that during the period F.Y. 2016-17, the appellant had earned substantial service income by way of providing taxable services, but had neither obtain Service Tax Registration nor paid Service Tax thereon. Accordingly, the appellant were calling for the details of services provided during the period. But they didn't submit any reply. Further, the jurisdictional officers considering the services provided by the appellant as taxable determined the Service Tax liability for the F.Y. 2016-17 on the basis of value of 'Sales of Services' under Sales/Gross Receipts from Services (Value from ITR) and Form 26AS for the relevant period as per details below :

Sr. No.	Period (F.Y.)	Differential Taxable Value as per Income Tax Data (in Rs.)	Rate of Service Tax incl. Cess	Service Tax liability to be demanded (in Rs.)
1.	2016-17	21,13,320/-	15%	3,16,998/-

3. The appellant was issued Show Cause Notice No. GST-06/04-1558/Dr.Hasmukh/2021-22/5345 dated 18.10.2021 (in short SCN) proposing to demand and recover Service Tax amounting to Rs.3,16,998/- under proviso to Section 73 of Finance Act, 1994 along with applicable interest and penalties.

4. The SCN was adjudicated vide the impugned order wherein :

- Service Tax demand of Rs.3,16,998/- was confirmed under Section 73(2) of the Finance Act, 1994 alongwith interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994.



- Penalty of Rs.40,000/- was imposed under Section 70(1) of the Finance Act, 1994.
- Penalty of Rs.10,000/- was imposed under Section 77(1)(a) of the Finance Act, 1994.
- Penalty of Rs.3,16,998/- was imposed under Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994 with option for reduced penalty in terms of clause (ii).

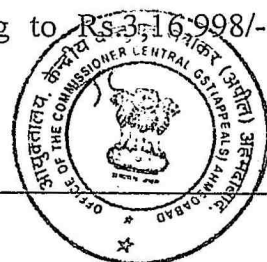
5. Aggrieved by the impugned order, the appellant has preferred this appeal on following grounds:

- The appellant submitted that they were practicing doctor under name and style of "Shanti Skin Care" and providing clinical services to various individual patients.
- The appellant had provided medical services to various individual patients during F.Y. 2016- 17 which are exempt under the service tax law via Entry Sr. No.2(i) of Notification No.25/2012-Service Tax.

6. Personal Hearing in the case was held on 04.01.2024. Shri Kunal V. Desai, Chartered Accountant, appeared for personal hearing on behalf of the appellant. He also submitted additional submission and reiterated the contents. He stated that his client is a simple M.B.B.S. & M.D. (Dermatologist). He provides consultation for skin diseases. He does not have degree of M.CH (specialization of cosmetic surgery). Further, his condition of hand is that he cannot perform cosmetic surgery. The SCN was issued on mere assumption. Further, he requested for two days time to submit additional documents.

6.1 Subsequently, the appellant submitted additional written submission wherein they reiterated the grounds of appeal and also submitted receipt voucher and guideline on aesthetic surgery and hair transplant procedures dated 20.09.2022 issued by the National Medical Commission (Ethics & Medical Registration Board).

7. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case, submissions made in the Appeal Memorandum, oral submissions made during personal hearing and the facts available on records. The issue before me for decision in the present appeal is whether the demand for Service Tax amounting to Rs.3,16,998/- confirmed



alongwith interest and penalties vide the impugned order in the facts and circumstances of the case, is legal and proper or otherwise. The demand pertains to the period F.Y. 2016-17.

8. It is observed that the main contention of the appellant is that they have the degree of M.B.B.S. and M.D. (Dermatology Branch) and engaged in activity of medical practitioner & provided the medical consultation for skin diseases. Additionally, they contended that they had never performed cosmetic, plastic, or hair transplant surgeries because they lack training in M.S. (Master of Surgery) or M.ch. (Plastic Surgery), and that in order to perform these types of surgeries, a clinic must be equipped with cutting-edge technologies and advanced surgical equipment in addition to appropriate infrastructure in accordance with the guidelines on aesthetic surgery and hair transplant procedures issued by the National Medical Commission (Ethics & Medical Registration Board) on 20.09.2022. They also contended that because they are suffering from areflexia (a disorder in which muscles fail to respond to reflexes), they are unable to perform surgery. To bolster their all claim, they produced receipts voucher, photographs of the clinic, a medical records confirming their illness.

9. As contended by the appellant, I also find that in terms of provision of Sr. No.2(i) of Notification No.25/2012-Service Tax and their services are exempted from Service Tax. Relevant portion of the said notification is reproduced below :

....
 2.(i) *Health care services by a clinical establishment, an authorised medical practitioner or para-medics;*

10. Considering the above legal provisions with the facts of the case, I find that the 'services provided by the appellant as an authorised medical practitioner' during the period F.Y. 2016-17 stands covered in terms of provision of Sr. No.2(i) of Notification No.25/2012-Service Tax, and the their Service is not liable for payment of Service Tax.

11. In view of above discussions, I am of the considered view that the Services amounting to Rs.21,13,320/- provided by the appellant an authorised medical practitioner during the period F.Y. 2016-17 is not to be considered as a taxable value under Service Tax. Therefore, the demand of Service Tax amounting to



Rs.3,16,998/- confirmed vide the impugned order fails to sustain on merits. As the demand of service tax fails to sustain, question of interest and penalty does not arise.

12. Accordingly, the impugned order is set aside and the appeal filed by the appellant is allowed.

13. अपील कर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपील का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।
The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed of in above terms.



ज्ञानचंद जैन

आयुक्त (अपील्स)

Dated: 14 February, 2024

सत्यापित/Attested :



मनीष कुमार

अधीक्षक (अपील्स)

सी जी एस टी, अहमदाबाद



By REGD/SPEED POST A/D

To,
M/s Dr. Hasmukh Kacharabhai Sojitra,
Bungalow No. 7, Elegance Bungalows,
Thaltej, Ahmedabad – 382350.

Copy to :

1. The Principal Chief Commissioner, CGST and Central Excise, Ahmedabad.
2. The Commissioner, CGST and Central Excise, Ahmedabad North.
3. The Assistant Commissioner, CGST & CEX, Division - VI, Ahmedabad North Commissionerate.
4. The Superintendent (Systems), CGST, Appeals, Ahmedabad, for publication of OIA on website.
5. Guard file.
6. PA File.

